



# UNIT-4

## Creating an AdWords Strategy

### Learning Outcomes

**By the end of this unit the learner will be able to:**

- ✓ Discuss how to create an Adword strategy
- ✓ Explain how to set up keywords lists and groups

## Unit 4

### Creating an AdWords Strategy

#### Planning

You can spend plenty of money in PPC advertising, or you can set up a plan to spend your money wisely and anticipate a return that your business colleagues will envy.

In addition to having your website prepared with excellent content that your visitors benefit from, you need to create a marketing plan and a budget for your AdWords campaign. One of the benefits of AdWords is that you are in complete control of what you spend, and you can put some strict rules around your ads so that you don't spend more money than you have available. Another benefit is that you can edit your keywords at any time to restrict clicks or to attract more of them.

#### Research Your Market

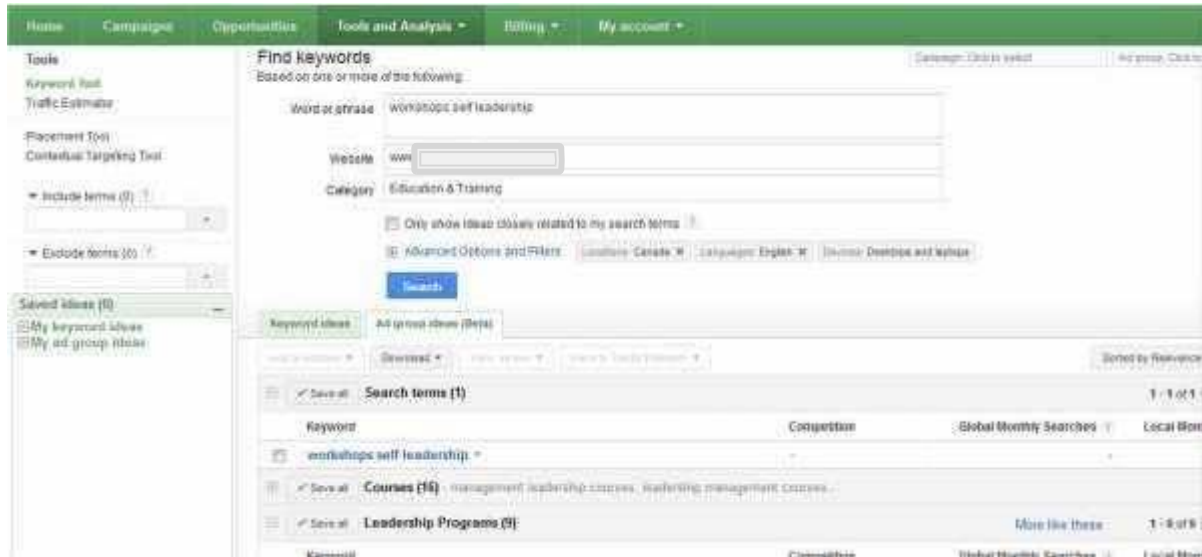
You may have already done a lot of market research in getting ready for your campaign, and that's good. You can also do research with your Google AdWords account so that you can make the most of your resources. Your goal is to come up with just one or two keywords that will bring the most prospective buyers to your site.

Google offers a couple of very handy tools to work with you on your AdWords account: the Keyword Tool and Traffic Estimator. Both of these tools will assist you in selecting just the right keywords and phrases.

At the time of writing, both of those tools can be found in your AdWords screen under the Tools and Analytics tab:

The screenshot shows the Google AdWords dashboard. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: Home, Campaigns, Opportunities, Tools and Analytics (selected), Billing, and My account. Below the navigation bar, the main content area is divided into several sections. On the left, there is a 'Welcome to AdWords!' section with a 'Create our first campaign' button and a 'Getting started' section with four numbered steps: 1. Choose your budget, 2. Create your ads, 3. Select keywords, and 4. Enter your billing information. In the center, the 'Tools and Analytics' dropdown menu is open, listing several tools: Change history, Choose words, Campaign Analyser, Keyword tool (highlighted with a green arrow), Traffic Estimator, Placement tool, Unconventional targeting tool, and Ad Preview and Diagnostics. On the right, there is a 'Learn more' section featuring a video player titled 'Getting Started with Google AdWords' and a list of 'Common questions' such as 'Where will my ads appear?' and 'How much does AdWords cost?'.

As you navigate through the screens, you can list your keyword ideas, your website, and a category (like a heading from the phone book). In the example below, we used the phrase “workshops self leadership.” When you click “Search,” you will see a list of keyword suggestions in your results:



In addition to keyword ideas, you will see how often those words are being searched for:

The screenshot shows the Google Ads 'Find keywords' results table. The table has columns for 'Keyword', 'Competition', 'Global Monthly Searches', and 'Local Monthly Searches'. The results are grouped into 'Courses (16)' and 'Leadership Programs (9)'. The table shows the following data:

Keyword	Competition	Global Monthly Searches	Local Monthly Searches
workshops self leadership			
leadership programs	Medium	116,000	5,400
leadership training program	High	8,100	250
leadership program	Medium	965,000	9,500
executive leadership training program	High	260	10
executive leadership program	High	2,600	170
the leadership program	Medium	886,000	8,800
youth leadership program	Medium	8,100	590
leadership management programs	Medium	1,800	110
program for leadership development	Medium	33,100	1,600
leadership skill development	Medium	1,800	73
leadership skills development	Medium	49,600	2,400
learning leadership skills	Low	720	36
develop leadership	Medium	14,800	590
forward leadership development	Medium	590	22

Once you have narrowed down some options for keywords, you can visit the link to the Traffic Estimator, and see how your keywords might perform in an ad.



obscure phrases cost very little (because no one clicks on those ads!) whereas very popular words and phrases cost more.

In the example below, you'll see that my choice of keywords is not likely to get me any clicks at all!

Draft campaign	Daily Clicks	Daily Impr.	Avg. Pos.	Daily Cost	CTR	Avg. CPC
Draft campaign (1 ad groups, 3 keywords)	0.00	0	-	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
My keyword ideas (3) edit	0.00	0	-	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
self-leadership workshops	0.00	0	-	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
self-leadership coaching	0.00	0	-	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
career change workshops	0.00	0	-	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00

Back to the drawing board! After making some adjustments, here's what our results look like:

Draft campaign	Daily Clicks	Daily Impr.	Avg. Pos.	Daily Cost	CTR	Avg. CPC
Draft campaign (1 ad groups, 4 keywords)	9.46	102	1.1	\$27.92	9.2%	\$2.95
My keyword ideas (4) edit	9.46	102	1.1	\$27.92	9.2%	\$2.95
career coaching	6.19	58	1.1	\$20.15	10.9%	\$3.28
speaker	1.33	24	1	\$2.17	5.4%	\$1.63
trainer	0.83	0	1	\$0.19	4.9%	\$7.01
writer	1.92	20	1	\$5.40	9.2%	\$2.82

Clearly, this is a much better group of keywords for me to work with. My goal, and yours, is to create eight to 12 good groups of keywords, like this, before I get started.

## Getting Good with Keywords

Keywords are only part of the equation. Keywords, a single word, do part of the work, but sometimes you'll want to use phrases to bring people to your site, because more is probably better. Isn't it?

Let's say that you sell used widgets and your keywords are as follows:

- Used widgets
- Australian used widgets
- Used widgets for sale

You also need to know that a keyword phrase like "used widgets" can also draw visitors who search for the following terms:

- Used widget
- British used widgets
- Used widgets dealers
- Widgets used in making tractors
- Used tractor dealers

However, your ad may start to draw people who have no interest at all in your widgets. You need to add **delimiters** to your ad, which you can do in a few different ways.

### Phrase Matches

Place your keywords inside quotation marks so that you limit the spread of your ad into unrelated areas. The quotation marks tell Google not to add words in between what's in the quoted phrase:

- The phrase "used widgets" will make your ad show up in search results for used widgets, old used widgets, used widget, and used widgets for sale.
- Your ad for "used widgets" won't show up for searches for widgets used in making tractors or used tractor dealers.

### Exact Matches

The use of square brackets [ ] tells Google to match your keywords exactly before letting your ad appear. If your keyword is expressed as [used widgets] your ad will not appear if someone searches for:

- Used widget
- British used widgets
- Used widget dealers

### Modified Broad Matches

For new ad writers, the modified broad match is very flexible and user friendly. Instead of brackets or quotation marks (which you may find too limiting), you can add a plus sign before any of the words in your keyword phrase so that Google knows the word itself must be present in the search term, with some variation but without things that are unrelated.

If your keyword phrase becomes: +tinted +widgets, Google will show your ad when people look for:

- Tinted widgets
- British tinted widgets
- Tinted widgets in Canada
- Used tinted widgets in Britain

You can use the plus sign in front of all or any of the terms in your keyword phrase.

## Long Tail and Short Tail

By now you probably have a whole list of keywords and phrases in your head and questions forming about just how long those phrases should be. If you want to reach pre-qualified customers, and not have clicks on your ad from people who are not at all interested, what about using a phrase to help really focus in on your product? Is it a good idea to use short phrases (short tail) or long ones (long tail)?

Sometimes people are really certain that there is a specific phrase connected to their business that is going to get them onto the top of the Google ranking. They are so certain of it that each page of their website has been optimized with the phrase “orange popsicle.” The problem, of course, is that anyone who searches for the term gets 1.5 million results. Your PPC ad ranking is going to take a lot of work to move from 57<sup>th</sup> (where it is now), to the top five (where you need it to be). Remember, your goal is to get your ad as high on the page as you can, preferably high enough that searchers don’t have to scroll down the screen to find you.

The **long tail** is about keyword phrases that are long, although not for the reason you may think. Long tail phrases reach more deeply into your product description, which makes for a more specific search. People using long tail search terms are more likely to find exactly what they want on your site because your keywords so closely match their search terms.

Let’s say that you were the first person to produce a digital camera with a 200x zoom; allows you to crop, resize, and eliminate red eye right on the camera; and weighs just 16 ounces. (Wow, I want one of these!) You’ve called this whizzy unit the Digital ALL27 and are ready to sell it, but people don’t know it exists yet. If a potential customer searches for digital cameras, they get about 129 million results with 14 PPC ads on the page. As the seller, you’ve got to do your homework to determine the phrases people look for, and in this case, you need to get more wordy rather than less.

When you analyze what people look for before clicking on your ad, you may find that there are lots of clicks on short phrases, but we also want you to look farther down the list. Sometimes there are as many people looking for longer phrases. Sometimes, it’s just one or two people at a time, but they add up to a larger group than the ones coming to you via short phrases. Those long phrases, which come from diversifying your search word bucket and creating descriptive phrases, are what you are looking for. (For our camera example, you want to target people who are not just looking for any camera, but want one that has a great zoom, can edit right on the camera itself, and is very lightweight.)

## Understanding Ad Groups

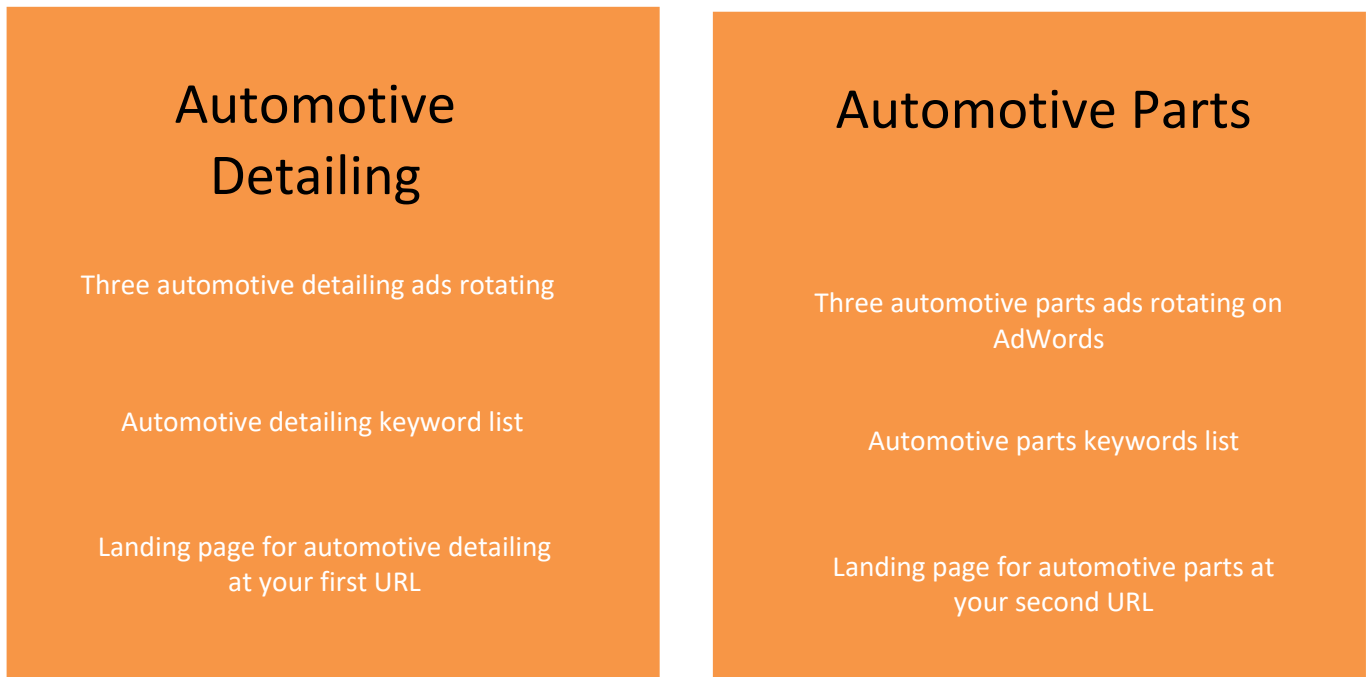
When you create your ad, you’ll create lists of keywords like we talked about earlier. You’ll also create **ad groups**, which are clusters of keywords and ads that relate to a particular topic or theme. You can create several ad groups for a single campaign, and ideally, you will have a separate ad written for each of your keywords so that you get the greatest exposure possible. This means that if you created a list of 25 keywords for one product, you would also create 25 ads and then track them through 25 ad groups. In a practical sense, of course, you would find yourself constantly tracking, so instead you can manage similar keywords through a single ad.

You need to be determined and committed to having each of your ad groups focus on just one type of product or service. If you want to advertise multiple products, there is no getting around the fact that you need to differentiate each type of product.

For example, someone who searches for “automotive *detailing*” wants to click through to a page that describes auto detailing. On the other hand, someone searching for “automotive *parts*” needs a different page, where parts are listed. Although both of these topics relate to automotive, they are different subjects and need different web pages.

When you plan your campaign, you’ll be able to differentiate between different topics much more effectively than if you try and do this after you have launched your ads and are forced to make some adjustments.

Your plan could look like this:



Once you’ve got your plan completed and your website has been updated (if necessary), you can organize your keywords within an ad group. Remember to use the resources available on Google AdWords to help select, test, and keep track of your keywords. You can also access free services online to help with this or use a marketing company that specializes in AdWord campaigns. (Just watch your budget!)

Here is a sample keywords list. Note the negative keywords, too:

**Automotive Detailing**

- Automotive detailing provider
- Car detailing provider
- Car detailing services
- Car cleaning provider

**Automotive Parts**

- Automotive parts
- After market car parts
- Auto parts
- Engine parts

- Car cleaning services
- -truck
- -motorbikes
- -Jeeps
- Transmission parts
- Domestic car parts
- -foreign
- -import

### Remove Clutter

While you create your keyword lists, you will probably be brainstorming for quite a while. When we do this, we tend to include words that are redundant or irrelevant. Or, after your ad has been running for a while, you notice that some keywords get no impressions at all. Make sure you remove the words cluttering your list, although keep in mind the value of negative keywords. If you had a keyword such as “Kia detailing” that never got an impression, you could create a negative keyword such as “-Kia” from it.

### Further Reading:

- ✓ *Dharmesh, Shah, and Brian Halligan. Inbound Marketing: Get Found Using Google, Social Media, and Blogs. Wiley, 2019.*
- ✓ *Think Like Google by Tom Gerencer, 2019.*
- ✓ *Deadly Google Ads Mistakes That Will Make You Broke by Leandro Forney, 2021.*